

**Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Financial Statements and
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants
As of
December 31, 2020**



Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Delta County Ambulance District
Delta, Colorado 81416

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Delta County Ambulance District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Delta County Ambulance District, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters*Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-7 and 18 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Blair and Associates, P.C.

Cedaredge, Colorado

August 18, 2021

**Delta County Ambulance District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

This narrative overview and analysis of the Delta County Ambulance District, (DCAD), performance through December 31, 2020 is provided as a supplement to DCAD yearend financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the beginning of this report, the basic financial statements following this section and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of DCAD exceeded the liabilities at December 31, 2020 by \$1,790,476, (net position). Of this amount \$526,835 constitutes unassigned net position, \$1,063,539 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt and \$200,102 is restricted, committed or assigned for other purposes.
- The DCAD total net position increased by \$317,126 (22%) from the prior year.
- Operating revenues increased by \$822,323 (28%), in comparison to 2019 due to increase in patient services revenues and taxes.
- Operating expenses increased \$848,935, in comparison to the prior year largely in part because of an increase in payroll and related costs.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to DCAD basic financial statements. The DCAD basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) the Basic Financial Statements and 2) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements that provide additional disclosure of some of the information in the basic financial statements.

The balance sheets present information on DCAD's assets and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators as to whether the DCAD's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present information showing how DCAD's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future years.

The **Statement of Cash Flows** report how DCAD’s cash and cash equivalents were used in and provided by its operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities during the periods reported. The net of these activities is added to the beginning year cash balance to reconcile to the cash and cash equivalents balances at December 31, 2020. The DCAD uses the direct method of presenting cash flows, which includes a reconciliation of operating activities to operating income. These statements provide answers to such questions as where the cash came from, how was cash used, and what was the change in the cash balance during the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide financial statement disclosures that are an integral part of the basic financial statements. Such disclosures are essential to a comprehensive understanding of the information provided in the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Net position is summarized in the table below:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current assets	\$ 1,976,655	\$ 1,712,040
Capital assets, net	<u>1,063,539</u>	<u>1,124,167</u>
Total assets	<u>3,040,194</u>	<u>2,836,207</u>
Current liabilities	<u>203,218</u>	<u>187,957</u>
Total liabilities	<u>203,218</u>	<u>187,957</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	1,046,500	1,174,900
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,063,539	1,124,167
Reserved for emergencies	97,399	79,910
Reserved for capital acquisition	100,000	100,000
Reserved for employee education	2,703	2,703
Unrestricted	<u>526,835</u>	<u>166,570</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,790,476</u>	<u>\$ 1,473,350</u>

The DCAD’s current ratio reflects the relationship between current assets and current liabilities and is a measure of DCAD’s ability to pay short-term obligations. At December 31, 2020, DCAD’s current ratio is 9.1:1.

A large portion of DCAD’s net position, (59%), consists of its investment in capital assets net of outstanding related debt. The DCAD utilizes the capital assets to fulfill its mission of providing ambulance services to residents of Delta County.

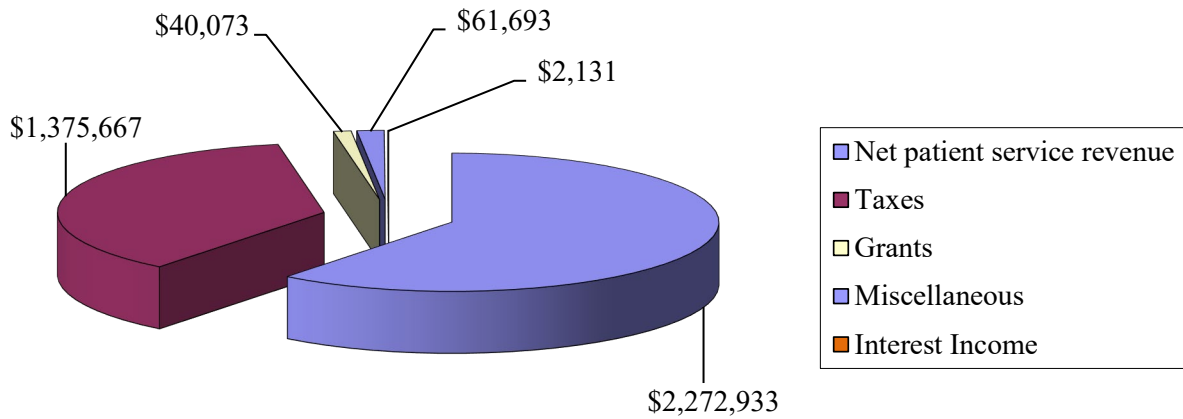
The remaining portion of net position is unrestricted and represents resources that could be used to meet ongoing obligations.

Changes in net position are summarized in the table below:

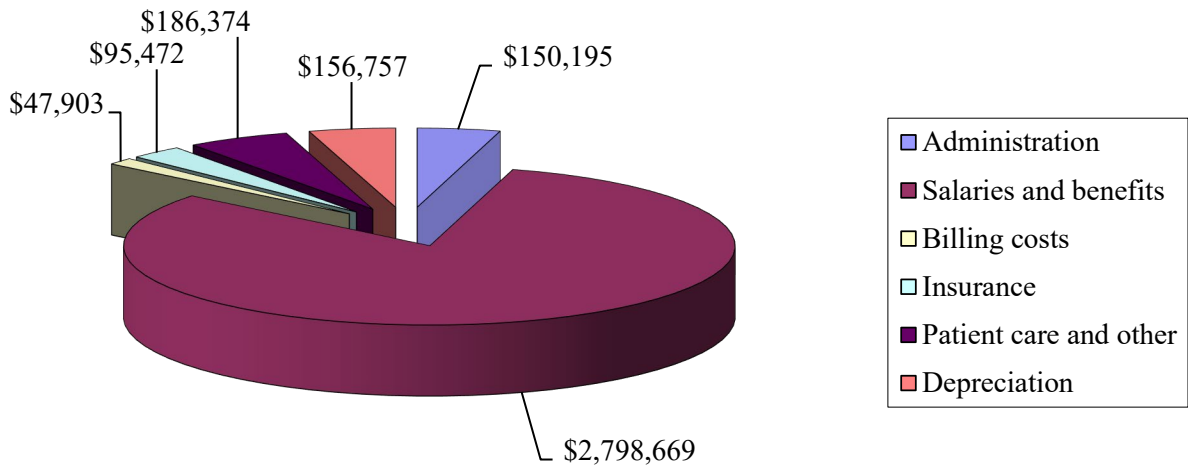
	2020	2019
Operating revenues	\$ 3,750,366	\$ 2,928,043
Operating expenses	3,435,371	2,586,436
Operating (loss) income	314,995	341,607
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,131	3,108
Changes in net position	317,126	344,715
Net position, January	1,473,350	1,128,635
Net position, December	<u>\$ 1,790,476</u>	<u>\$ 1,473,350</u>

The DCAD had an overall increase in net position of \$317,126 in 2020.

Revenues by Source



Expenses by Source



Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The DCAD's capital assets are summarized in the table below:

	2020	2019
Ambulance	\$ 1,074,957	\$ 1,074,957
Equipment	1,125,400	1,029,271
Buildings and Land	689,509	689,509
Total capital assets	<u>2,889,866</u>	<u>2,793,737</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,826,327)</u>	<u>(1,669,570)</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 1,063,539</u>	<u>\$ 1,124,167</u>

Additional information on DCAD's capital assets can be found in Note F to the basic financial statements.

Long term debt

The district has no debt at the end of 2020.

Request for Information

This financial report is designated to provide the reader with a general overview of DCAD's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Delta County Ambulance District
Kirby Clock, Administrator
Delta, Colorado 81416

Delta County Ambulance District
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 238,215	\$ 239,163
Investments	502,275	116,599
Accounts receivable	188,525	180,611
Prepaid expenses	1,140	768
Property taxes receivable	1,046,500	1,174,900
Total current assets	1,976,655	1,712,040
Capital assets, Net (Note F)	1,063,539	1,124,167
Total assets	3,040,194	2,836,207
Liabilities and net position		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	140,891	91,484
Accrued wages payable	26,897	79,921
Accrued compensated absences	35,430	16,552
Total current liabilities	203,218	187,957
Deferred inflow of resources		
Deferred revenue-property taxes	1,046,500	1,174,900
Net position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,063,539	1,124,167
Restricted for emergencies	97,399	79,910
Committed for capital acquisition	100,000	100,000
Assigned for employee education	2,703	2,703
Unassigned	526,835	166,570
Total net position	\$ 1,790,476	\$ 1,473,350

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Delta County Ambulance District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Operating Revenues		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 2,272,933	\$ 1,511,135
Taxes	1,375,667	1,225,050
Grants	40,073	187,858
Miscellaneous	61,693	4,000
Total operating revenues	<u>3,750,366</u>	<u>2,928,043</u>
 Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	2,798,669	2,024,232
Administration costs	150,195	144,793
Billing costs	47,903	49,927
Insurance	95,472	58,119
Patient care other costs	186,374	172,295
Depreciation	156,757	137,070
Total operating expenses	<u>3,435,371</u>	<u>2,586,436</u>
 Operating income	 314,995	 341,607
 Non-operating revenues and expenses		
Interest Income	<u>2,131</u>	<u>3,108</u>
Total Non-Operating revenues and expenses	<u>2,131</u>	<u>3,108</u>
 Change in net position	 317,126	 344,715
 Net position, January 1	 <u>1,473,350</u>	 <u>1,128,635</u>
 Net position, December 31	 <u><u>\$ 1,790,476</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ 1,473,350</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Delta County Ambulance District
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 2,265,019	\$ 1,629,023
Cash received from taxes	1,375,667	1,225,050
Cash received from grants and other	101,766	191,858
Cash payments for goods and services	(430,537)	(611,877)
Cash payments for salaries and benefits	(2,833,188)	(1,959,663)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>478,727</u>	<u>474,391</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of fixed assets	(96,129)	(526,059)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(96,129)</u>	<u>(526,059)</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on investments	2,131	3,108
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>2,131</u>	<u>3,108</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	384,729	(48,560)
Cash balances, January 1	355,761	404,321
Cash balances, December 31	<u>\$ 740,490</u>	<u>\$ 355,761</u>
Reconciling of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	314,995	341,607
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	156,757	137,070
Assets (increase) decrease:		
Accounts receivables	(7,914)	117,888
Prepaid and deposits	(372)	35,699
Liabilities increase (decrease):		
Accounts payable	49,407	(186,743)
Accrued compensated absences	18,878	16,552
Accrued wages payable	(53,024)	12,318
Total adjustments	<u>163,732</u>	<u>132,784</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 478,727</u>	<u>\$ 474,391</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Delta County Ambulance District (the District) was created in December of 1998. The District operates under a Board of Directors form of government and provides ambulance services to residents within their District.

The accounting and reporting policies of the District relating to the funds and account groups included in the accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units. Accordingly, the requirements of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and No. 34 and No. 38, Certain Financial statement presentation.

The financial statements of the Authority are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Financial Reporting Entity

The District's financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Delta County Ambulance District has no component units.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2020**

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Budgetary Control

The District adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

Budgets are required by state law for proprietary funds. During October the proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Directors for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

A public hearing is conducted by the Directors to obtain taxpayers comments.

Prior to December 31, the budget is adopted and appropriations made by formal resolution.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Board approval is required for changes in budgets. Budget amounts included in the financial statements are based on the final, legally amended budget.

Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

The budget is adopted on a basis that differs from generally accepted accounting principles. The District does not budget for depreciation costs.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of money are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District because it is at present considered not necessary to assure effective budgetary control or facilitate effective cash planning and control.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on January 1 and attached as a lien on property as of December 31. They are payable in full by April 30 or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. Property taxes levied in the current year and payable in the following year are reported as a receivable at December 31, net of an estimated uncollectible portion. However, since taxes are not available to pay current liabilities, the net receivables are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Property taxes revenue that are related to a future period have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met (e.g., cash advances) are recorded as deferred inflows. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Patient Services Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews and investigation. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews and investigations.

Revenue from the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to the laws and regulations governing those programs and are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates could change by a material amount in the near term.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost or, if contributed property, at their fair market value at the time of contribution. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one year of life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Ambulances	3-7 years
Equipment	5-7 years
Buildings	40 years

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note B Contingent Liabilities

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases general liability and property insurance through commercial insurers.

Note C Deposits and Investments

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits. Collateral in the pool is considered to be equal to depository insurance pursuant to definitions listed in GASB Statement No. 40. At December 31, 2020, the bank balance of the District's deposits was \$732,439. Of this amount \$277,704 is covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining \$454,735 by PDPA.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. Authorized investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities; certain international agency securities; general obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities; bankers' acceptances of certain banks; commercial paper; local government investment pools; written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities; certain money market funds; and guaranteed investment contracts. The District's investment policy follows Colorado statutes. At December 31, 2020 the District's investments included money market funds.

Note D Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenses - Budget Basis to GAAP Basis

Excess of revenue over expenses, (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	\$ 377,755
Adjustments	
Less: depreciation	(156,757)
Add: capital outlay	96,128
Changes in net assets	<u><u>\$ 317,126</u></u>

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note E Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment (Amendment One) to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of the state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in construction valuation. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate. The amendment also requires that reserves be established for declared emergencies, with 3% of fiscal year spending required in 1994 and thereafter.

The taxpayers, per election on November 2, 1999, allowed the District to debruce for the purpose of allowing the District to spend all tax and other revenues regardless of spending limitations contained in TABOR without raising the mill levy.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the remaining provisions of TABOR; however, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation.

Note F Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance 1/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 55,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,420
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>55,420</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,420</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building and improvements	634,089	-	-	634,089
Equipment and vehicles	1,029,271	96,129	-	1,125,400
Ambulances	1,074,957	-	-	1,074,957
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>2,738,317</u>	<u>96,129</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,834,446</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	(253,685)	(16,632)	-	(270,317)
Equipment and vehicles	(713,983)	(69,405)	-	(783,388)
Ambulances	(701,902)	(70,720)	-	(772,622)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,669,570)</u>	<u>(156,757)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,826,327)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>1,068,747</u>	<u>(60,628)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,008,119</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,124,167</u>	<u>\$ (60,628)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,063,539</u>

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note G Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement 54 “Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions”. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government’s fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance-amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance-amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Board of Directors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Note H Employee Benefits

Deferred Compensation

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with internal revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen non-reimbursed emergency.

Retirement Plan

The District participates in the County Retirement Association (CRA), a multiple-employer public employee retirement system which is a qualified plan as defined by IRS Code Section 401 (A) and Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) 24.54. The plan provides retirement benefits through a defined contribution plan to participating Colorado counties, municipalities and special districts. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note H Employee Benefits - Continued

Retirement Plan

There are no unfunded past service liabilities. All full-time employees are required to participate in the plan upon the first day of the payroll period following the employee's date of hire. The District is required to contribute 3% of employee compensation excluding overtime. The employee is required to contribute an amount equal to the County's contribution. Employees are immediately vested in their participant contributions and become vested in employer contributions to the plan over a six-year period.

The District's total payroll for 2020 was \$2,238,691 and covered payroll was \$2,028,267. During 2020, the District and employees made the required 3% contribution amounting to \$60,848, for a total of \$121,696.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. The Plan may be amended by resolution of the Board of Directors, but it may not be amended beyond the limits established by state statute.

Paid Time Off (PTO)

PTO accumulates at the rate of 24 hours per year with less than 6 months service, 48 hours with six months of service, 96 hours for 2 years, 144 hours for 3 years, 192 hours for 4 years and 240 hours for 5 years or more of service. Shift employees may carry a maximum of 96 hours into the next year and administrative employees can carryover 80 hours to the next year. At December 31, 2020 the amount of compensated absences was \$35,430.

Delta County Ambulance District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Available Resources
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Net patient service revenues	\$ 1,623,552	\$ 1,623,552	\$ 2,272,933	\$ 649,381
Taxes	1,345,148	1,345,148	1,375,667	30,519
Grants and contracts	37,813	37,813	40,073	2,260
Miscellaneous	-	-	61,693	61,693
Interest	104	104	2,131	2,027
Total revenues	3,006,616	3,006,617	3,752,497	745,881
Expenditures				
Salaries and benefits	2,142,411	2,142,411	2,798,669	(656,258)
Administrative costs	153,086	153,086	150,195	2,891
Operations costs	165,126	165,126	159,938	5,188
Billing costs	54,942	54,942	47,903	7,039
Insurance	62,472	62,472	95,472	(33,000)
Capital Outlay	80,626	80,626	122,565	(41,939)
Total expenditures	2,658,663	2,658,663	3,374,742	(716,080)
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 347,954	\$ 347,954	\$ 377,755	\$ 29,801

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.